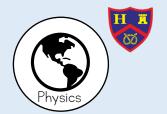
Seasonal Change

Year I



Review:

What should I already know?

• I know that the four seasons are autumn, winter, spring and summer.

Essential knowledge

- I will identify the changes during autumn and winter.
- I will observe and talk about the weather during autumn and winter.
- I will describe how the day length varies in autumn and winter.
- I will consider what clothing and items I need for the seasons.



Vocabulary		
Physics is all about Earth and space and how they work.		
Working Scientifically	is all about working like a scientist to answer scientific questions.	

When something becomes changes.		
Seasons	Each of the four parts of the year (spring, summer, autumn and winter)	
Day length	The time from the moment the sun rises to the moment the sun set.	
Weather The way the air feels. Some examples are sunny, windy, cold, wet, rainy or snowy.		

• Days get a bit longer

	New plants grow		
	Many animals have babies		
Summer	Day time is longest		
	Weather is warmest		
	 Trees are full of leaves 		
Autumn	• Starts to get darker earlier		
	Leaves change colour		
	• Leaves begin to fall off.		
Winter	• Colder weather		
	• The trees have no leaves		
	• Light in the day is shortest		

Spring





Our enquiry focus:				
Observing Changes Over Time	Pattern Seeking	Identifying, Grouping & Classifying	Fair Testing	Research

Skills I will need:

- I will observe each season change throughout the year.
- I will record and talk about the changes that happen.
- I will make charts and tables about the weather.
- ullet I will report what happens in the world around me, including the day length as the seasons change.



Everyday Materials

Year I



Review: What should I already know?

- I know that objects can feel and look different.
- I know some things that are the same and some things that are different with materials.
- I know some things that are natural and some are man-made.

Essential knowledge

- I will know the name of the material an object is made from.
- I will know about the properties of everyday materials.
- \bullet I will compare and group together a variety of materials based on their properties.

Properties			
Hard	Soft		
Stretchy	Stiff		
Shiny	Dull		
Rough	Smooth		
Waterproof	Not waterproof		
Absorbent	Not absorbent		

Vocabulary		
Chemistry Chemistry is all about materials and they change.		
Working Scientifically	is all about working like a scientist to answer scientific questions.	

Materials	Materials are what things are made from.		
Properties	A way of describing how a material looks, feels or acts.		
Wood	Used for doors and tables.		
Plastic	Used for water bottles and school chairs.		
Glass	Used for windows.		
Metal	Used for cars and radiators.		
Water	Used for drinking and washing.		
Paper	Used for pages in books.		









Our enquiry focus:				
Observing Changes Over Time	Pattern Seeking	Identifying, Grouping & Classifying	Fair Testing	Research

Skills I will need:

- I will observe closely using simple equipment.
- I will observe to identify and classify.
- I will be able to gather and record data.

